ASSIGNMENT 1

Textbook Assignment:

"Basic Display Devices and Systems", chapter 1, pages 1-1 through 1-15, "Personal Computer Video Displays and Input Devices", chapter 2, pages 2-1 through 2-7.

- 1-1. Information available for viewing only as long as it remains on the screen of the display is known as what type of information?
 - 1. Soft copy
 - 2. Hard copy
 - 3. Temporary
 - 4. Nonpermanent
- 1-2. Which of the following is the best description of the function of a cathode-ray tube (CRT)?
 - Converts light into a visual display
 - Converts digital signals into a magnetic signal
 - 3. Converts electronic signals into a visual display
 - Converts operator entered inputs to a visual display
- 1-3. A CRT must contain a vacuum for which of the following reason?
 - Air molecules could interfere with the electron beam
 - 2. Gases could ionize and short out the CRT
 - 3. Oxygen could cause the CRT filament to burn up
 - 4. Each of the above

- 1-4. The inside of the face of the CRT is coated with which of the following materials?
 - 1. Phosphor
 - 2. Phosphorus
 - 3. Phosphene
 - 4. Phosphate
- 1-5. The time that a display produced by an electron beam remains on the screen is known by which of the following terms?
 - 1. Scan
 - 2. Persistence
 - 3. Focus
 - 4. Blanking
- 1-6. Which component of a CRT acts as a source for the electron beam?
 - 1. Deflection system
 - 2. Control grid
 - 3. Electron gun
 - 4. Phosphor screen
- 1-7. Applying a small ac voltage to the filament of a CRT causes which of the following events to occur?
 - 1. The beam is blanked
 - 2. The beam is unblanked
 - 3. Electrons are attracted to the cathode
 - 4. Electrons are freed from the cathode

- 1-8. When the voltage applied to 1-12. A CRT that uses current the control grid is negative in respect to the cathode, which of the following occurs?
 - 1. The electron beam is turned on
 - The electron beam is 2. unblanked
 - 3. The electron beam is blanked
 - focused
- The intensity of light 1-9. generated by the phosphor coating of the CRT is dependant on which of the following factors?
 - The strength of the electron beam
 - 2. The voltage applied to the focus grid
 - The voltage applied to 3. the screen grid
 - 4. The voltage applied to the phosphor screen
- 1-10. following voltages will result in a change in the diameter of the electron beam?
 - 1. Cathode filament voltage
 - 2. Focus grid voltage
 - 3. Control grid voltage
 - 4. Screen grid voltage
- 1-11. Which of the following elements of a CRT moves the electron beam to create the display?
 - 1. Electron qun
 - 2. Control grid
 - 3. Focusing grid
 - 4. Deflection system

- flowing through an case yoke assembly to deflect the electron uses what type of
 - 1. Electrostatic deflection
 - 2. Electromagnetic deflection
 - 3. Internal deflection
 - 4. External deflection
- 4. The electron beam is 1-13. The yoke assembly of a CRT contains how many coils?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
 - 1-14. Current flowing through a single coil of a yoke produces a magnetic field at what angle to the coil?
 - 1. 0°
 - 2. 30°
 - 3. 60°
 - 4. 90°
- A change in which of the 1-15. Which of the following is a description of electrostatic deflection in a CRT?
 - 1. Current flowing through an external coil creates a magnetic field that moves the beam
 - 2. Current flowing through an internal coil creates a magnetic field that move the beam
 - 3. An electrical charge applied to plates inside the CRT moves the beam
 - An electrical charge applied to plates outside of the CRT moves the beam
 - All raster scan CRTs use 1-16. electromagnetic deflection.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 1-17. Developing the display or picture on a CRT by using a series of horizontal lines across the face of a CRT is known as what type of scanning?
 - 1 Raster scan
 - 2 Vector scan
 - 3 Interlaced vector scan
 - 4 Noninterlaced vector scan
- 1-18. Interlacing the picture displayed on a CRT increases the resolution of the picture by increasing the number of lines per frame by what factor?
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 2
 - 3. 3
 - 4. 4
- 1-19. What, if anything, is a disadvantage of using an interlaced scan CRT for graphic digital displays?
 - 1. Decrease in resolution
 - 2. Visible flicker when displaying fine graphics
 - 3. Increase in the time required to refresh the display
 - 4. Nothing; there is no disadvantage in using 1-23. interlaced scan

- 1-20. To display a frame of data on a CRT that uses noninterlaced scan, the number of lines displayed is increased by __(a)_ the horizontal frequency and _(b)_ the vertical frequency.
 - 1. (a) Increasing
 - (b) decreasing
 - 2. (a) Increasing
 - (b) increasing
 - 3. (a) Decreasing
 - (b) decreasing
 - 4. (a) Decreasing
 - (b) increasing
- 1-21. A vector scan CRT uses what coordinate system to position the electron beam?
 - 1. Polar
 - 2. Rectangular
 - 3. Spherical
 - 4. X/Y
- 1-22. With respect to the origin, where will a positive X value and a positive Y value position the CRT beam?
 - 1. To the right and above
 - 2. To the right and below
 - 3. To the left and above
 - 4. To the left and below
- 1-23. With respect to the origin, where will a negative X value and a positive Y value position the CRT beam?
 - 1. To the right and above
 - 2. To the right and below
 - 3. To the left and above
 - 4. To the left and below

- controlled by the Z signal?
 - Vertical deflection 1.
 - 2. Horizontal deflection
 - 3. Focus of the electron beam
 - Blanking of the electron beam
- 1-25. How many phosphor dots are in a triad?
 - 1. One
 - Two 2.
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 1-26. The phosphor dots of a triad when struck by an electron beam?
 - 1. Red, blue, and yellow
 - 2. Red, blue, and green
 - 3. Red, yellow, and green
 - 4. Blue, green, and white
- The resolution of a color 1-27. CRT is measured by which of 1-33. the following standards?
 - 1. The size of the CRT
 - The area of the CRT 2.
 - 3. The size of each triad
 - 4. The size of each pixel
- How many electron beams are use in a color CRT?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 1-29. Which of the following alignment is NOT required when using a single gun, three beam CRT?
 - 1. High voltage
 - 2. Low voltage
 - 3. Convergence
 - 4. Focus

- vector scan CRT functions is sween in which the controlled by the 7 determined by which of the following signals?
 - 1. Range marks
 - 2. End-of-sweep
 - 3. Digital sweep
 - 4. Sign of X and Y
 - 1-31. The sweep deflection outward from the center of the CRT screen is started by which of the following signals?
 - 1. End-of-sweep
 - 2. Zero mile range mark
 - 3. Sign of X and Y
 - 4. Intensified
- are dyed to emit what colors 1-32. The CRT beam retrace to the center of the CRT screen is caused by which of the following signals?
 - 1. End-of-sweep
 - 2. Zero mile range mark
 - 3. Sign of X and Y
 - 4. Intensified video
 - To display a radar reflection from a contact, which of the following signals is used?
 - 1. End-of-sweep
 - 2. Zero mile range mark
 - 3. Sign of X and Y
 - 4. Intensified video
 - 1-34. To paint a symbol on the PPI console, the CRT beam is momentarily deflected from the radar sweep, used to paint the symbol, and then returned to continue the sweep.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 1-35. What geometric shape is displayed on a CRT if two sine waves of equal amplitude and 90° out of phase are applied to the X and Y axes?
 - 1. Square
 - 2. Circle
 - 3. Rectangle
 - 4. Diamond
- 1-36. Symbols painted on a PPI CRT are defined by which of the following equipment?
 - 1. Pulse amplifier
 - 2. Symbol generator
 - 3. Computer
 - 4. PPI console
- 1-37. For the generation of analog
 waveform symbols, which of
 the following equipment is
 required?
 - Computer, pulse amplifier, and CIGARS console (console internally generated and refreshed symbols)
 - 2. Computer, pulse
 amplifier/symbol
 generator (PA/SG), and
 console(s)
 - 3. Computer, symbol
 generator, and
 console(s)
 - 4. PA/SG and console(s)
- 1-38. Which of the following equipment uses computer output data to position the blanked CRT beam to the coordinates of the symbol?
 - 1. Console
 - 2. PA
 - 3. SG
 - 4. Computer

- 1-39. The timing period during which the analog waveform symbol is mechanized is known as
 - 1. X-time
 - 2. Y-time
 - 3. Z-time
 - 4. P-time
- 1-40. What is the source of the analog symbol waveforms received by the console deflection amplifiers?
 - 1. SG (symbol generator)
 - 2. PA (pulse amplifier)
 - 3. CIGARS console
 - 4. Computer
- 1-41. What action, if any, must take place to prevent flicker of the displayed Symbology?
 - The persistence of the CRT must be decreased
 - 2. The persistence of the CRT must be increased
 - 3. The symbol must be refreshed periodically by repainting the symbol
 - 4. None, symbols do not flicker
- 1-42. The digital strike symbol generator stores symbol stroke codes in what type of memory?
 - Random access memory (RAM)
 - 2. Read-only-memory (ROM)
 - 3. Programmable
 read-only-memory (PROM)
 - 4. Either 2 or 3 is correct, depending on configuration

- 1-43. What signal output is used 1-48. When a symbol is painted to ensure the completion of using the digital stroke a stroke prior to the start of a new stroke?
 - 1. Sign X, X, 2X
 - 2. Sign Y, Y, 2Y
 - 3. z
 - 4. w
- What signal controls the 1-44. vertical movement of the CRT 1-49. What is the main function of beam when a symbol is painted using the digital stroke method?
 - 1. Sign X, X, 2X
 - 2. Sign Y, Y, 2Y
 - 3. z
 - 4. w
- What signal unblanks the CRT 1-45. beam when a symbol is painted using the digital stroke method?
 - 1. Sign X, X, 2X
 - 2. Sign Y, Y, 2Y
 - 3. z
 - 4. w
- What signal controls the 1-46. horizontal movement of the CRT beam when the digital 1-51. stroke method is used?
 - 1. Sign X, X, 2X
 - 2. Sign Y, Y, 2Y
 - 3. z
 - 4. w
- What is the maximum amount 1-47. the CRT beam can be deflected during a single stroke address?
 - 1. One stroke space
 - 2. Two stroke spaces
 - 3. Three stroke spaces
 - 4. Four stroke spaces

- using the digital stroke method, what PROM output indicates that the symbol is complete?
 - 1. All 8 outputs active

 - 2. All 8 outputs inactive 3. End of symbol signal active
- the Data Display Group AN/UYA-4(V)?
 - 1. To provide recorded data of tactical information
 - 2. To provide an alphanumeric display of operator actions
 - 3. To provide a real-time visual picture of the tactical situation
 - 4. To provide a means of low visibility navigation
- 1-50. All video monitors need analog signals as inputs.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
 - The composite video monitor has which of the following features?
 - 1. Its timing and video inputs are on separate input lines
 - 2. Its timing and video inputs are combined on the same input line
 - 3. It is capable only of color display
 - 4. It has extremely high resolution

- 1-52. The RGB monitor has which of 1-56. the following characteristics?
 - A separate input for each color (red, green, and blue)
 - A single input that combines all three colors
 - 3. Lower resolution than that of the composite video monitor
 - 4. Only monochrome picture display capability
- 1-53. What maximum number of text lines can be displayed on the EGA monitor?
 - 1. 25
 - 2. 33
 - 3. 43
 - 4. 50
- 1-54. Which of the following design features allows VGA monitors to display over 256,000 colors?
 - The use of digital input signals
 - 2. The use of better CRTs
 - 3. The use of a composite video signal
 - 4. The use of analog input signals
- 1-55. A multisync monitor has which, if any, of the following advantages?
 - It uses only one type of video adapter
 - 2. It can detect the rate that data is received and adjust to several types of video adapters
 - 3. It accepts only analog video signals
 - 4. None

- 1-56. Which of the following characteristics is/are determined by the video adapter installed in a personal computer?
 - The number of colors that can be displayed only
 - The speed at which the video display is updated only
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. The resolution of the monitor
- 1-57. For which of the following reasons is the monochrome display adapter generally considered obsolete?
 - It generates a text only display
 - 2. It generates a low quality graphics display
 - 3. It generates low resolution color display
 - 4. It uses TTL logic
- 1-58. Which of the following is the resolution of the basic alphanumeric character set developed by the CGA adapter?
 - 1. 8 x 14 pixels
 - 2. 8 x 8 pixels
 - 3. 9 x 14 pixels
 - 4. 9 x 9 pixels
- 1-59. How many colors can the CGA card display when set for the all points addressable, high resolution mode?
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 2
 - 3. 16
 - 4. 4

- 1-60. The EGA card is capable of 1-65. Liquid crystal displays displaying (a) colors with a maximum resolution of ____(b)
 - 1. (a) 4 (b) 320 x 200 2. (a) 4 (b) 640 x 200 1. (a) 4

 - 3. (a) 16 (b) 320 x 200 4. (a) 16 (b) 640 x 200
- 1-61. The VGA card can generate 262,144 colors by which of the following methods?
 - 1. Using analog signals to control the CRT electron quns
 - Using digital signals to control the CRT electron quns
 - Using analog signals to 3. control the CRT anode
 - Using digital signals to
- 1-62. The SVGA graphic adapters conform to a strict set of standards.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 1-63. The XGA system communicates with the CPU using what type of data bus?
 - 1. 8-bit bus master
 - 2. 16-bit bus master
 - 3. 32-bit bus master
 - 4. 64-bit bus master
- 1-64. The XGA system can provide near photographic quality color using which of the following resolution modes?
 - 256 colors at 1024 x 768 1.
 - 256 colors at 640 x 480 2.
 - 65,536 colors at 1024 x 768
 - 4. 65,536 colors at 640 x 480

- (LCDs) are ideal for use with laptop and notebook computers for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. They have low power consumption only
 - 2. They require low voltages to operate only
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. They are unbreakable
- 1-66. Which of the following is a disadvantage of a color passive LCD?
 - 1. Slow response time
 - 2. Ability to display only 262,144 colors
 - 3. High contrast
 - 4. High power consumption
- control the CRT anode 1-67. Which of the following devices is responsible for the development of the active matrix LCD display?
 - 1. Thin film memory
 - 2. Thin film transistor
 - 3. Field effect transistor
 - 4. Semi-conductor transistor
 - 1-68. In an active matrix LCD how many LCD crystals are required for each pixel?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
 - 1-69. What is the primary operator input device used with personal computers?
 - 1. Trackball
 - 2. Mouse
 - 3. Keyboard
 - 4. Monitor

- 1-70. Which of the following keys 1-73. What type of mouse is was/were repositioned on the installed in a special 101-key keyboard? interface board and
 - 1. Fll, F12
 - 2. CTRL
 - 3. ALT
 - 4. ENTER
- 1-71. The CTRL and ALT keys of a keyboard are used for which, if any, of the following functions?
 - 1. To control the program
 - 2. Allow the programmers to assign addition meanings to the standard keys
 - 3. Allow the programmer to debug the program
 - 4. None of the above
- 1-72. A mouse is virtually required when which of the following types of programs is used?
 - 1. Word processing
 - 2. Data base
 - 3. Spreadsheet
 - 4. Graphic user interface (GUI)

- 1-73. What type of mouse is installed in a special interface board and communicates with the computer across the main bus?
 - 1. Serial
 - 2. Parallel
 - 3. Trackball
 - 4. Bus
- 1-74. A personal computer trackball emulates which of the following input devices?
 - 1. Keyboard
 - 2. Mouse
 - 3. Monitor
 - 4. Disk drive
- 1-75. Which of the following devices is a pointing device that can be used in place of the mouse?
 - 1. Tab key
 - 2. Shift key
 - 3. Ctrl key
 - 4. Trackball